

# COMMON PRACTICES FOR RECOGNITION OF EUROPEAN COMPETENCY LEVELS FOR SCIENTIFIC DIVING AT WORK

European Scientific Diver (ESD)

Advanced European Scientific Diver (AESD)



## Consultation Document

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## **1 - PREFACE**

The common practices for recognition of European competency levels for scientific diving at work as set out in this document have the following aims and objectives:

### **1.1 RATIONAL**

**Diving at work in support of science** is regulated at national levels in many different ways across Europe. In accordance with **EU directive 2005/36/EC**, there is a requirement for an established methodology **to facilitate the recognition of original professional qualifications by other member states**. This document outlines a framework whereby competence levels achieved by an individual diver while at work or under training in their own country can be recognized by another EU Member State.

### **1.2 AIMS**

To **create a framework** on which **competencies for scientific diving** recognised in different Member States under different training routes and differing levels of national legislation can be **translated** easily and effectively in order to **facilitate greater participation by scientists in diving-based pan-European research programmes**.

### **1.3 OBJECTIVES**

Diving is a highly-productive, cost-effective research tool that supports underwater science and archaeology through efficient and targeted sampling, quantitative survey, quantitative observation, making in situ measurement, undertaking impact studies, performing ecological analyses, evaluating new techniques, mapping underwater areas, profiling subtidal geology/geochemistry, and accurate deployment/retrieval of underwater apparatus.

The achievement of a common working framework will:

- a. highlight and improve the **quality of science** achieved through the use of diving as an effective **research tool**;
- b. raise the potential for **diving-based, multi-disciplinary** pan-European research programmes;
- c. create a **European research community united through use of diving** as a research tool;
- d. create a **European forum for discussion and dissemination of advances in diving technologies and procedures** that would enhance scientific progress while maintaining and improving safe working practices.

### **1.4 TOOLS**

The **European Scientific Diver (ESD)** and **Advanced European Scientific Diver (AESD) qualifications** recognise the current level of competency of an individual diving at work in their own country. These certified levels of competency then permit organisations in other Member States to recognise that level within their own national regulations. The ESD and AESD qualifications are, therefore, approved by national scientific diving committees that themselves are recognised by national regulating bodies.

The **European Scientific Diving Panel (ESDP) of the Marine Board of the European Science Foundation** is made up of representatives of Member State national scientific diving committees. As such, it **monitors the implementation of the ESD and AESD scheme and collates activity**; approval and adoption of the scheme can only be achieved through the national scientific diving committees.

### **1.5 EUROPEAN RECOGNITION OF DIVING COMPETENCY LEVELS**

The **goals of the European Competency levels for Scientific Diving** are:

- a. to harmonise standards of competence for scientific diving, gained by training, experience or both, and in doing so assure the mobility of fully trained scientific divers;
- b. to establish a common format against which competence levels can be assessed;
- c. to facilitate continued professional development through harmonised standards for scientific diver training.

## **2 - EUROPEAN COMPETENCY LEVELS FOR SCIENTIFIC DIVING**

There are two different levels of recognition, both of which are professional.

1. The **European Scientific Diver (ESD)**;
2. The **Advanced European Scientific Diver (AESD)**.

Both awards represent a minimum agreed training and attestation of competence which promote scientists to move freely throughout EU countries in order to co-operate on and participate in sub-aquatic research projects involving diving using SCUBA. The equivalence is issued following certification by authorised national agencies. Depth and breathing gas limitations may apply.

The ESD and AESD do not include any regulations such as insurance, medical examinations, employment rules, safety rules, diving limits, rules for recognition of national scientific diving schools, etc. These are covered by national law and European Directives. Neither do the ESD and AESD take account of any speciality requirements by employers. They simply **define the minimum basic training of a scientific diver as needed for mobility and as a basic training level on which the employer can build further training modules**.

National laws and regulations may regulate training but the minimum competency levels must be maintained.

Scientific diving training for these awards can be given by either one or a combination of more than one of the following:

- a. a taught course;
- b. a supervised programme of continuous training and assessment carried out in a nationally recognised institution;
- c. diving activities under the auspices of a nationally recognised diving training organisation:

In all of these cases, all dives must be logged and certified in the candidate's personal log. Any scientific dives must be further certified by the person responsible for diving safety at the scientific research institute for which they were undertaken.

A minimum of 18 years of age is required.

Both the ESD and AESD certificates can be issued to members of permanent staff, contract staff, research students, technicians, and trainees or students of nationally recognised research institutions. The issuing institutions should be members of the national scientific diving authorities that are represented on the ESDP (see Annex 1).

A scientific diver who satisfies these requirements will gain either an ESD or an AESD certificate that is valid for five years. The certificate must then be renewed every five years by making an application to the issuing authority. Holders of these certificates must comply with all national and local rules concerning third party insurance, medical fitness, safety at work and scientific diving activities when diving in a host member country when they are engaged in scientific diving activities. The certificate only indicates the training level, and not the current level of diving competence.

## **2.1 The Advanced European Scientific Diver (AESD)**

An Advanced European Scientific Diver is **a diver capable of organising a scientific diving team**. He/she may attain this level by either a course or by in-field training and experience under suitable supervision or by a combination of these two methods.

The **AESD** must:

- show proof of theoretical knowledge and a comprehensive understanding of:
  - Diving physics and physiology, the causes and effects of diving related illnesses and disorders and their management.
  - The specific problems associated with diving to and beyond 30m, calculations of air requirements, correct use of decompression tables.
  - Equipment, including personal dive computers and guidelines as to their safe use.
  - Emergency procedures and diving casualty management.
  - The principles and practice of dive planning and the selection and assessment of divers.
  - Legal aspects and responsibilities relevant to scientific diving in Europe and elsewhere.
  - Dive project planning.
- Be fully competent with/in:
  - Diving first aid, including CPR and oxygen administration to diving casualties.
  - SCUBA rescue techniques and management of casualties.
  - The use and user maintenance of appropriate SCUBA diving equipment, including dry suits and full face masks.
  - Basic small boat handling, and electronic navigation.
  - Supervision of diving operations.
- Be fully competent with:
  - Search methods, such as those utilising free swimming and towed divers together with remote methods suitable for a various range of surface and sub-surface situations.
  - Survey methods, both surface and sub-surface, capable of accurately locating and marking objects and sites.
  - The basic use of airbags and airlifts for controlled lifts, excavations and sampling.
  - Basic rigging and rope work, including the construction and deployment of transects and search grids.
  - Underwater navigation methods using suitable techniques.
  - Recording techniques.
  - Roped/tethered diver techniques and various types of underwater communication systems such as those utilising visual, aural, physical and electronic methods.
  - Sampling techniques appropriate to the scientific discipline being pursued.
- Show proof of having undertaken 100 open water dives, to include a minimum of:
  - 50 dives with a scientific task of work, such as listed above.
  - 10 dives between 20m and 29m.
  - 10 dives between 29m and the national limit.
  - 12 dives in the last 12 months, including at least 6 with a scientific task of work.
  - 20 dives in adverse conditions, such as currents, cold water, or moving water.
  - 20 dives as an in-water dive leader.

All evidence must be recorded in nationally acceptable logs, countersigned by suitably qualified persons. None of the above precludes the possible requirement for a practical or theoretical demonstration of any or all of the points shown.

## **2.2 The European Scientific Diver (ESD)**

A European Scientific Diver is a **diver capable of acting as a member of a scientific diving team**. He/she may attain this level by either a course or by in-field training and experience under suitable supervision or by a combination of these two methods.

The ESD must:

- Show proof of basic theoretical knowledge and a basic understanding of:
  - Diving physics and physiology, the causes and effects of diving related illnesses and disorders and their management.
  - The specific problems associated with diving to and beyond 20m, calculations of air requirements, correct use of decompression tables.
  - Equipment, including personal dive computers and guidelines as to their safe use.
  - Emergency procedures and diving casualty management.
  - Principles of dive planning.
  - Legal aspects and responsibilities relevant to scientific diving in Europe and elsewhere.
- Be fully competent with/in:
  - Diving first aid, including cardio-pulmonary resuscitation (CPR) and oxygen administration to diving casualties.
  - SCUBA rescue techniques and management of casualties.
  - The use and user maintenance of appropriate SCUBA diving equipment.
- Be fully competent with:
  - Search methods.
  - Survey methods, both surface and sub-surface, capable of accurately locating and marking objects and sites.
  - The basic use of airbags and airlifts for controlled lifts, excavations and sampling.
  - Basic rigging and rope work, including the construction and deployment of transacts and search grids.
  - Underwater navigation methods using suitable techniques.
  - Recording techniques.
  - Acting as surface tender for a roped diver.
  - Sampling techniques appropriate to the scientific discipline being pursued.
- Show proof of having undertaken 70 open water dives, to include a minimum of:
  - 20 dives with a scientific task of work supervised by a recognised research institution, such as listed above.
  - 10 dives between 15m and 24m.
  - 5 dives greater than 25m.
  - 12 dives in the last 12 months, including at least 6 with a scientific task of work.

All evidence must be recorded in nationally acceptable logs, countersigned by suitably qualified persons. None of the above precludes the possible requirement for a practical or theoretical demonstration of any or all of the points shown.

## ANNEX 1: Recognised National Authorities for Scientific Diving at Work in Europe (as of August 2009)

Harmonisation of scientific diving competencies has to be recognised within the legal framework of the respective member states and has to be represented by authorities with a clearly defined national status. This Annex maintains an ongoing summary assessment of acknowledged scientific diving authorities in Europe with their nominated representatives.

MEMBER STATE	COMPETENT NATIONAL AUTHORITY	NATIONAL STATUS	NATIONAL REPRESENTATIVE AND ESDP MEMBER
<b>Belgium</b>	Belgium Working Group on Scientific Diving	The working group has been created at the Belgian Federal level under the Federal Public Service Belgian science policy.	Alain Norro <a href="mailto:a.norro@mumm.ac.be">a.norro@mumm.ac.be</a>
<b>Finland</b>	Finnish Scientific Diving Steering Association (FSDSA) <a href="http://tutkimussukellus.net">http://tutkimussukellus.net</a>	The FSDSC is recognized by the Finnish Examination Board for Professional Diving (Ministry of Education)	Jouni Leinikki <a href="mailto:jouni.leinikki@alleco.fi">jouni.leinikki@alleco.fi</a>
<b>France</b>	National Committee for Scientific Diving (CNPS) <a href="http://www.com.univ-mrs.fr/DIMAR/accueil.htm">http://www.com.univ-mrs.fr/DIMAR/accueil.htm</a>	The CNPS - National Committee for Scientific Diving - is the national authority to represent occupational scientific diving in France.	Jean-Pierre Féral <a href="mailto:jean-pierre.feral@univmed.fr">jean-pierre.feral@univmed.fr</a>
<b>Germany</b>	German Commission for Scientific Diving (KFT) <a href="http://www.forschungstauchen-deutschland.de">http://www.forschungstauchen-deutschland.de</a>	The KFT is the single authority recognised by the German Statutory Accident Insurance (German Government body responsible for occupational health and safety)	Philipp Fischer <a href="mailto:philipp.fischer@awi.de">philipp.fischer@awi.de</a>
<b>Sweden</b>	Swedish Scientific Diving Committee (SSDC)	The SSDC is recognized by the Swedish Armed Forces (vocational certificate issuer) as the single organization representing scientific diving in Sweden.	Roger Lindblom <a href="mailto:roger.lindblom@gu.se">roger.lindblom@gu.se</a>
<b>UK</b>	UK Scientific Diving Supervisory Committee (SDSC) <a href="http://www.uk-sdsc.com">http://www.uk-sdsc.com</a>	The SDSC is the single authority recognised by the UK Health and Safety Executive to represent the Scientific and Archaeological diving industry sector	Martin Sayer <a href="mailto:mdjs@sams.ac.uk">mdjs@sams.ac.uk</a>

